POSTER PRESENTATION



Open Access

Association mapping of local adaptation traits of Scots pine in a European wide population sample

Timo Knürr¹, Sonja Kujala², Mikko J Sillanpää³, Komlan Avia⁴, Aleksia Vaattovaara⁴, Katri Kärkkäinen⁵, Outi Savolainen^{4*}

From IUFRO Tree Biotechnology Conference 2011: From Genomes to Integration and Delivery Arraial d Ajuda, Bahia, Brazil. 26 June - 2 July 2011

Traits related to local adaptation by definition show high phenotypic differentiation. The underlying genetic patterns could be clines at individual loci or small effects and extensive linkage disequilibrium at the underlying loci. In any case, including many populations in an analysis provides more information, but may simultaneously induce problems due to genetic structure. Even if the neutral loci have little genetic structure, loci related to other clinally selected traits could show more structure. Here we have developed an approach to efficiently use the information along a latitudinal environmental gradient. Scots pine populations from central Europe to the species' northern range were sampled and patterns of phenotypic variation of both timing of budset and frost tolerance were measured in common garden experiments, (10 populations, a total of 270 halfsib families, 25 trees per family). By hierarchical modelling of the phenotype's clinal variation and accounting for varying allele frequencies across the 10 populations, the statistical approach simultaneously exploits the genetic variation between and within populations to detect association signals. We apply shrinkage-based Bayesian variable selection to detect genetic associations between timing of bud set and ~450 SNPs in Scots pine.

Author details

¹Dept. Mathematics and Stastistics, University of Helsinki, Finland. ²Dept. biology, Unviersity of Oulu, Finland. ³Dept. Mathematics and Statistics, University of Helsinki, Finland. ⁴Dept. Biology, University of Oulu, Finland. ⁵Finnish Forest Research Institute, Finland.

Published: 13 September 2011

* Correspondence: outi.savolainen@oulu.fi

⁴Dept. Biology, University of Oulu, Finland

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



doi:10.1186/1753-6561-5-S7-P38 Cite this article as: Knürr *et al.*: Association mapping of local adaptation traits of Scots pine in a European wide population sample. *BMC Proceedings* 2011 5(Suppl 7):P38.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

) BioMed Central

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit

© 2011 Knürr et al; licensee BioMed Central Ltd. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.