POSTER PRESENTATION



Open Access

The combined use of platinum nanoparticles and hydrogen molecules induces caspase-dependent apoptosis

Takeki Hamasaki¹, Tomoya Kinjyo², Hidekazu Nakanishi², Kiichiro Teruya^{1,2}, Sigeru Kabayama³, Sanetaka Shirahata^{1,2*}

From 23rd European Society for Animal Cell Technology (ESACT) Meeting: Better Cells for Better Health Lille, France. 23-26 June 2013

We previously reported electrochemically reduced water (ERW), produced near the cathode by electrolysis, exhibits reductive activity. We also revealed that ERW contains Pt nanoparticles (Pt nps) derived from Pt-coated titanium electrodes in addition to high concentration of dissolved molecular hydrogen (H_2) by in vitro assay, and Pt nps exhibit powerful ROS scavenger activity and catalysis activity converting H₂ to active hydrogen. Our study investigates apoptosis inducibility of H₂ and synthesized Pt nps on human promyelocytic leukaemia HL60 cells. Human promyelocytic leukaemia cells (HL60) were cultured in RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 10% FBS, 2.0 mM l-glutamine, 100 U/ml penicillin and 100 U/ml streptomycin. Cultures were incubated in an atmosphere of 75%(v/v) H₂/20%(v/v) O₂/5%(v/v) CO₂, 75%(v/v) He/20%(v/v) O₂/5%(v/v) CO₂ atmosphere or 75%(v/v) N2/20%(v/v) O₂/5%(v/v) CO₂ atmosphere for 12-48 hr after incubated with Pt nps for 2 h. Untreated cultures were included as controls. Cytotoxicity was determined by cell-counter. Apoptosis pathway of HL60 cells was investigated by Sub G-1 assay.

Growth suppression was not observed when cells were treated with Pt nps or H_2 only. Analysis of cell cycle and activity of caspase-3 suggested that combination use of both Pt nps and H_2 induced apoptosis in HL60 cells. Our caspase activity experimentation suggests that apoptosis was caused via caspase-8 activation. These results suggested that atomic hydrogen from H_2 induces caspase-8 dependent apoptosis. The cytotoxicity was not detected in Pt nps or H_2 separately treated cells.

¹Department of Bioscience and Bioengineering, Faculty of Agriculture, Kyushu University, 6-10-1 Hakozaki, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812-8581, Japan Full list of author information is available at the end of the article Apoptosis was determined only when cells were treated with both Pt nps and H_2 , suggesaspase-8 dependent apoptosis was caused by atomic hydrogen produced from H_2 by catalyst activity of Pt nps.

Authors' details

 ¹Department of Bioscience and Bioengineering, Faculty of Agriculture, Kyushu University, 6-10-1 Hakozaki, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812-8581, Japan.
²Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences, Kyushu University, 6-10-1 Hakozaki, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812-8581, Japan.
³Nihon Trim Co. LTD., 34-8-1 Ooyodonaka, Kita-ku, Osaka 531-0076, Japan.

Published: 4 December 2013

doi:10.1186/1753-6561-7-S6-P109 Cite this article as: Hamasaki *et al*.: The combined use of platinum nanoparticles and hydrogen molecules induces caspase-dependent apoptosis. *BMC Proceedings* 2013 7(Suppl 6):P109.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

) BioMed Central

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



© 2013 Hamasaki et al.; licensee BioMed Central Ltd. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.

^{*} Correspondence: sanetaka@grt.kyushu-u.ac.jp