

MEETING ABSTRACT

Open Access

Bag-based rapid and safe seed-train expansion method for *Trichoplusia ni* suspension cells

Nicole C Bögli^{1*}, Christoph Ries¹, Irina Bauer¹, Thorsten Adams², Gerhard Greller², Regine Eibl¹, Dieter Eibl¹

From 22nd European Society for Animal Cell Technology (ESACT) Meeting on Cell Based Technologies Vienna, Austria. 15-18 May 2011

Trichoplusia ni suspension cells (High Five™) used in conjunction with the baculovirus vector expression system (BEVS) are regarded as potential product system of new, recombinant virus-like particle (VLP) vaccines. In order to push vaccine development and production, biomanufacturers use single-use technology when- and wherever possible. This applies to upstream processing and in particular seed-train expansion ranging from cryopreserved vials via t-flasks, spinners (respectively shake flasks) to stirred stainless steel bioreactors. The stainless steel bioreactors deliver inoculum for seed bioreactors and have been increasingly replaced by wave-mixed single-use bag bioreactors during the last 5 years [1].

The approach presented for seed-train cell expansion of High Five suspension cells is based on the Biostat CultiBag RM50 optical (Sartorius Stedim Biotech). It was used for the production of cells for long-term storage and for the expansion of cells for subsequent production experiments. For long-term storage the cells were frozen at high cell concentrations (20 - 40 x 10^6 cells x mL⁻¹) in 60 mL Cryobags and stored in nitrogen at -196 °C in vapour phase.

Initial experiments were aimed at the growth characterization of High Five suspension cells from a vial working cell bank (WCB). The High Five cells were grown in batch mode and in 250 mL single-use shake flasks (Corning and Sartorius Stedim Biotech) on a Certomat[®] CT Plus shaker (Sartorius Stedim Biotech) during six days (triplicates, 27 °C, 100 rpm, 25 mm shaking diameter). Afterwards a procedure was developed in which thawed cells from a Cryobag were directly transferred into and expanded in a Biostat CultiBag RM. Under optimal process conditions (500 mL starting

volume, a starting cell density of 1 x 10⁶ cells x mL⁻¹, 27 °C, rocking angle of 6°, 20 - 30 rpm, 0.2 vvm, DO set point 50%) growth rate (0.039 - 0.042 h⁻¹), doubling time (18 - 20 h) and maximal cell density (7.8 - 8.9 x 10⁶ cells x mL⁻¹) showed good correlation with results arising from CultiBags which were inoculated with cells from shake flasks. This bag-based seed-train expansion allows time saving of about one week and reduces cross-contamination, both advantages being due to omitted intermediate cultivation steps in shake flasks.

Author details

¹Institute of Biotechnology, Zurich University of Applied Sciences and Facility Management (ZHAW), Wädenswil CH-8820, Switzerland. ²Sartorius Stedim Biotech, Göttingen, D-37075, Germany.

Published: 22 November 2011

Reference

 Eibl R, Löffelholz C, Eibl D: Single-Use Bioreactors-An Overview. In Single-Use Technology in Biopharmaceutical Manufacture Eibl R, Eibl D. Wiley , 1 2010, 1:33-51.

doi:10.1186/1753-6561-5-S8-P124

Cite this article as: Bögli et al.: Bag-based rapid and safe seed-train expansion method for *Trichoplusia ni* suspension cells. *BMC Proceedings* 2011 5(Suppl 8):P124.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



¹Institute of Biotechnology, Zurich University of Applied Sciences and Facility Management (ZHAW), Wädenswil CH-8820, Switzerland Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

