

#### **MEETING ABSTRACT**

Open Access

# Efficient production of recombinant IgG by the GLUT5 co-expression system

Yuichi Inoue<sup>1\*</sup>, Aiko Inoue<sup>2</sup>, Hiroharu Kawahara<sup>1</sup>

From 22nd European Society for Animal Cell Technology (ESACT) Meeting on Cell Based Technologies Vienna, Austria. 15-18 May 2011

A fructose containing cell culture medium has the advantage of low lactate production and a small pH change, leading to cell and product stability. But, not all cell lines grow well in the medium, and the fructose transporter, GLUT5, is related to it [1]. Thus, we developed an efficient production system of recombinant proteins by metabolic control and co-expression with GLUT5 in a fructose-based medium [2]. In this report, the availability of the GLUT5 co-expression system was indicated in CHO-K1 and the human cell line, SC-01MFP [3].

As a model, an IgG and GLUT5 co-expression vector was constructed and transfected into cells. When the transfected CHO-K1 and SC-01MFP cells were cultured in the fructose-based medium, both IgG productions were increased up to about two-fold of that cultured in the glucose-based medium (Table 1). Our study may be useful for efficient production of recombinant proteins using the fructose-based cell culture. In particular, the production in SC-01MFP cells is valuable for functional analysis of recombinant proteins with a human glycosylation profile.

## Table 1 Proliferation and IgG production in the fructose-based medium. Cell line Relative cell proliferation Relative IgG production

Cell line	Relative cell proliferation	Relative IgG production
CHO-GLUT5/lgG	1.02 ± 0.19	1.77 ± 0.59
SC-01-GLUT5/laG	$0.86 \pm 0.01$	$1.84 \pm 0.04$

Cells (1 x  $10^5$  cells/ml) were cultured in the glucose- and fructose-based media. After 3 days, cell proliferation and recombinant IgG production were compared between two media. Each value in the glucose-based culture is estimated as 1.00. Data represent relative values of means  $\pm$  SD (n = 3).

- Inoue Y, Tsukamoto Y, Yamanaka M, Nakamura S, Inoue A, Nishino N, Kawahara H: Efficient production of recombinant IgG by metabolic control and co-expression with GLUT5 in a fructose-based medium. Cytotechnology 2010, 62:301-306.
- Kawahara H: Human cell stains for protein production, provided by selecting strains with high intracellular protein and mutating with carcinogens. UK Patent 2008, GB2426523.

doi:10.1186/1753-6561-5-S8-P50

Cite this article as: Inoue et al.: Efficient production of recombinant IgG by the GLUT5 co-expression system. BMC Proceedings 2011 5(Suppl 8):

#### **Author details**

<sup>1</sup>The Cell Engineering Center, Kitakyushu National College of Technology, Kitakyushu, 802-0985, Japan. <sup>2</sup>KYURIN CORPORATION, Kitakyushu, 806-0046, Japan.

Published: 22 November 2011

#### References

 Inoue Y, Kawahara H, Shirahata S, Sugimoto Y: Retinoic acid improves a hybridoma culture in a fructose-based medium by up-regulation of fructose incorporation via retinoid nuclear receptors. Biosci Biotechnol Biochem 2006, 70:2248-2253.

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

### Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit





<sup>\*</sup> Correspondence: inoue@kct.ac.jp

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Cell Engineering Center, Kitakyushu National College of Technology, Kitakyushu, 802-0985, Japan